# FLUTE SKILLS CHECKLIST

# **ASSEMBLY**

- Open case with the "lid-side up," either on a table or on the floor (not your lap)—be careful!
- Build flute from the top down, starting with the head joint. Gently twist it into the main body of the instrument, holding the area with no keys.
- The blow hole lines up with keys on the main body. Some flutes have little etched lines to help with positioning the head joint.
- Head joint is pulled out slightly (not pushed all the way in). This will be adjusted for tuning.
- The foot joint rod lines up with keys on the main body. Think of an arrow aimed at a bullseye.
- ▲ Always disassemble in reverse order (bottom to top). Remove the foot joint first, etc.

# **CARE**

- Wipe flute with a soft cloth after each use (remove finger oils).
- Swab inside of flute with <u>cleaning rod and a thin strip of cloth</u> after each use.

<u>NEVER</u>: submerge any part of the flute in water, set flute on a music stand, store extra items in the case that might press against the flute and cause damage, play flute right after eating/drinking/chewing gum (rinse your mouth with water before playing).

# **POSTURE**

- Legs should straddle the left corner of your chair.
- Arms relaxed and held out slightly from torso (do not rest your arm on the back of your chair).
- Sit up straight on the front 6-8 inches of the chair, chin up.
- Flute angle is 90° or perpendicular to the center of your face.

## HAND POSITIONS

- Four balancing points: 1) chin/lip; 2)"Shelf" on base of left index finger; 3) right thumb; 4) right pinky.
- Curved hands with "pads" of fingers on the keys (no "flat" fingers, no finger "tips"). Shape your hands like you are holding an orange.
- Finkies must rest on (never under) correct keys (Left: A-flat key—shaped like a "foot"; Right: E-flat key).
- Right thumb on its side, flute rests on the last ½ inch of the thumb. Thumb is positioned "between" the index and middle finger (thumb between the "peace sign").
- Flute rests on the base of the Left Hand index finger. Create a little "shelf".
- Fingers 1-3 on each hand rest lightly on the keys (closed-hole flutes) or "hover" just above the keys (open-hole flutes). Find correct finger locations 5 times (Etch-a-Sketch concept).

# TONE PRODUCTION

- Relaxed "pouty lip"—no puckering or smiling. Cover about 1/3 of the blow hole with your lower lip.
- 50% of your air goes into the flute, and 50% of your air goes across the top of the flute.
- Good, clear "TOO" sound on head joint only, then on assembled flute (any note).
- Mirror check: make sure condensation on the embouchure plate is CENTERED.

### (TONE PRODUCTION, continued)

- Produce both a HIGH tone and a LOW tone on the head joint only (with end covered, uncovered), using the following principles:
  - HIGH NOTES: "TOO"; cold, fast air; aim the airstream higher.
  - o <u>LOW NOTES</u>: "TEE"; warm, slow air; aim the airstream lower.
- Hold a tone for 5 seconds or longer (any note). Inhale "HOW", exhale "TOO".
- Hold a tone for 8 seconds or longer (any note).
- Demonstrate the "key-tap" technique to produce a low D. D-flat and C.
- Pass the "chin test" by playing a series of 10 or more eighth notes (head joint only) while touching your chin with your free hand. GOAL: ZERO chin movement.

# **SCALES** (found on page 42 of the Standard of Excellence book)

## **CONCERT B-FLAT MAJOR SCALE**

- Notes 1-5, half notes ↑ and ↓.
- Notes 1-8, half notes  $\uparrow$  and  $\downarrow$ .
- Notes 1-8, quarter notes (as written)  $\uparrow$  and  $\downarrow$ .
- **Arpeggio**, quarter notes.
- **Thirds,** quarter notes.
- **MASTER LEVEL:** Full scale with arpeggios and thirds (both lines), 100 bpm or faster.

## **CONCERT E-FLAT MAJOR SCALE**

- Notes 1-8, half notes  $\uparrow$  and  $\downarrow$ .
- Notes 1-8, quarter notes (as written)  $\uparrow$  and  $\downarrow$ .
- **Arpeggio**, quarter notes.
- **Thirds,** quarter notes.
- MASTER LEVEL: Full scale with arpeggios and thirds (both lines), 100 bpm or faster.

## **CONCERT F MAJOR SCALE**

- Notes 1-8, quarter notes (as written)  $\uparrow$  and  $\downarrow$ .
- **Arpeggio**, quarter notes.
- **Thirds,** quarter notes.
- **MASTER LEVEL:** Full scale with arpeggios and thirds (both lines), 100 bpm or faster.

#### CONCERT A-FLAT MAJOR SCALE

- Notes 1-8, quarter notes (as written)  $\uparrow$  and  $\downarrow$ .
- **Arpeggio**, quarter notes.
- **Thirds,** quarter notes.
- **▲ MASTER LEVEL:** Full scale with arpeggios and thirds (both lines), 100 bpm or faster.

# **CONCERT B-FLAT CHROMATIC** SCALE (not the chromatic scale shown on page 42)

- $\blacksquare$  Half notes  $\uparrow$  and  $\downarrow$ .
- **★ MASTER LEVEL:** Quarter notes ↑ and ↓ at 100 bmp or faster.